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STUDIES ON THE SYNTHESIS OF SOME PYRAZOLO[1,5-a]PYRIMIDINES BEARING SULFONAMIDO MOIETIES

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A novel synthesis of pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine derivatives **4,5** and **9** bearing sulfonamido moieties from the reaction of aminopyrazoles **1** with [bis(methylsulfanyl)methylidene]malononitrile **2**, [arylamino(methylsulfanyl)methylidene]malononitrile **6** and ethyl [bis(methylsulfanyl)methylidene]cyano acetate **7** is reported.

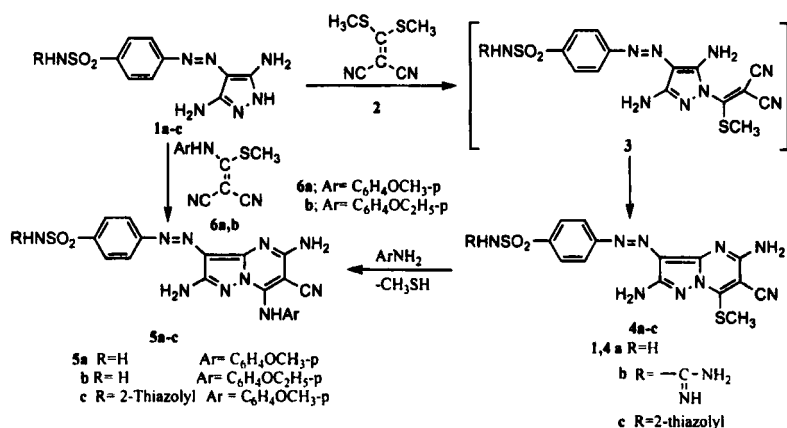
INTRODUCTION

Sulfonamides have a variety of biological activities such as antibacterial¹, insulin releasing², carbonic anhydrase inhibitory^{3,4}, antiinflammatory⁵ and antitumor activities⁶. On the other hand, pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidines are of considerable chemical and pharmacological importance as purine analogues⁷. In continuation of our research programme on the synthesis of novel heterocyclic systems exhibiting biological activity⁸⁻¹⁰, we aimed to synthesize some new pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidines bearing sulfonamido moieties.

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DISCUSSION

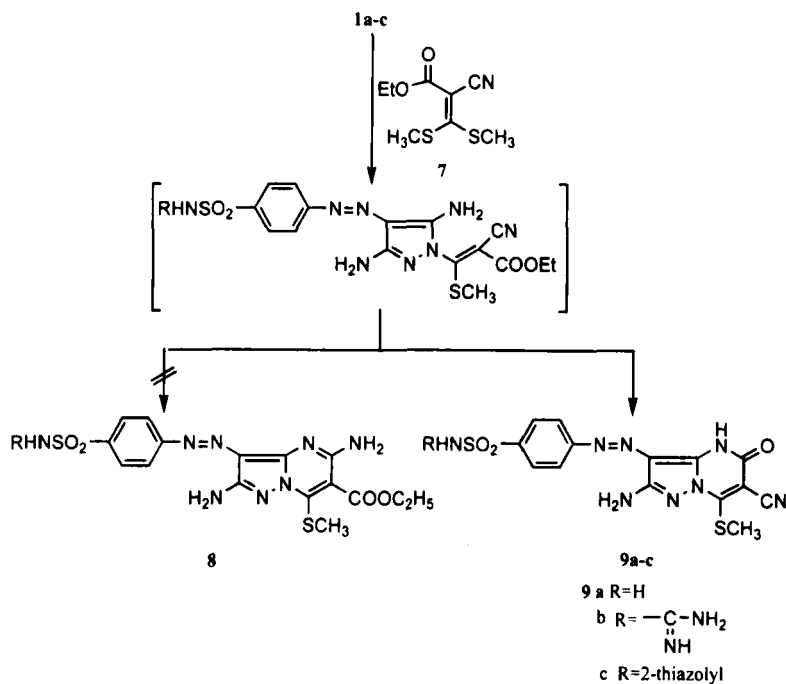
Thus, treatment of aminopyrazoles **1a-c** with [bis(methylsulfanyl)methylidene]malononitrile **2** in refluxing DMF, in the presence of a catalytic amount of triethylamine furnished the pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidines **4a-c** in good yields. The structures of **4** were established on the basis of elemental analysis and spectral data. Thus, IR spectra of **4a-c** revealed characteristic bands for NH_2 , NH , $\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$, $\text{N}=\text{N}$ and $\text{S}=\text{O}$ functional groups and the presence of methylsulfanyl function in ^1H NMR spectra of compounds **4a,c**, which are compatible with the assigned structure. The formation of **4** from the reaction of **1** with dithioacetals **2** is proceed *via* the initial alkylation of the endocyclic NH of the pyrazole ring to give **3**, followed by an intramolecular cyclization¹¹ to afford the pyrazolopyrimidines **4a-c**. Fusion of **4a,c** with aromatic amines afforded the corresponding anilino derivatives **5a-c** *via* elimination of methyl mercaptan. The structures of the latter products were established on the basis of analytical and spectral data. Also, conformation for structures **5a-c** was obtained through a one pot reaction by refluxing of the corresponding aminopyrazoles **1a-c** with [arylamino(methylsulfanyl)methylidene]malononitrile **6a,b** in DMF containing catalytic amounts of triethylamine, (Scheme 1).



SCHEME 1

On the other hand, when aminopyrazoles **1a-c** were reacted with ethyl[bis(methylsulfanyl)methylidene]cyanoacetate **7** for which two products **8** and **9** can be formulated (Scheme 2). Structure **8** was readily dis-

carded on the bases of analytical and spectral data. IR spectra of **9a-c** exhibited absorption band for $C\equiv N$ and the absence of OC_2H_5 fragment in 1H NMR spectra.



SCHEME 2

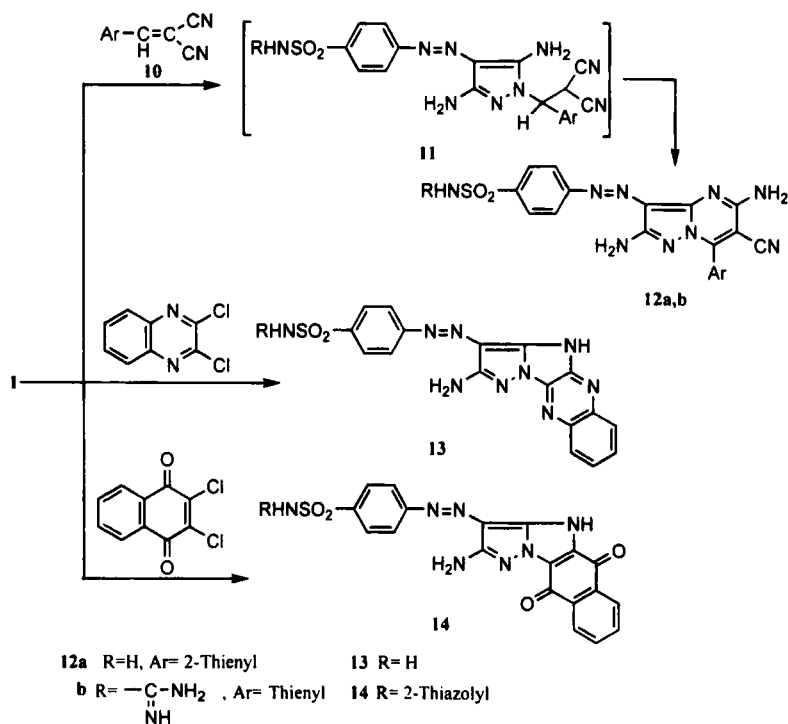
Aminopyrazoles **1a,b** reacts with arylidenemalononitrile **10** in refluxing DMF catalysed by piperidine to yield pyrazolopyrimidines **12a,b** on the basis of elemental analysis and spectral data. The formation of **12** is assumed *via* initial *Michael* addition of the endocyclic NH in **1** to the double bond in **10** to yield *Michael* adduct¹² **11**, which then cyclizes and loses H_2 to afford **12a,b**. The novel ring system pyrazolo[2,3'-b]quinoxaline **13** was obtained when aminopyrazole **1a** was refluxed with 2,3-dichloroquinoxaline in DMF containing potassium carbonate. Finally, aminopyrazole **1c** was reacted with 2,3-dichloro-1,4-naphthoquinone under reflux for 5 minutes to yield naphtho[2',3':4,5]imidazo[1,2-b]pyrazole **14**. Formation of **13** and **14** takes place through elimination of hydrogen chloride, (Scheme 3).

EXPERIMENTAL

All mps are uncorrected. IR spectra were obtained (KBr discs) on a Shimadzu IR 200 spectrophotometer. ^1H NMR spectra were recorded in deuterated dimethylsulfoxide at 200 MHz on a Varian Gemini NMR spectrometer using tetramethylsilane as an internal reference. Mass spectra were performed on a Shimadzu GC MS-QP 1000 EX mass spectrometer at 70 eV. Elemental analyses were carried out at the Microanalytical Center of Cairo University.

Aminopyrazoles¹³ 1a-c, [bis(methylsulfanyl)methylidene]malononitrile^{14,2}, [arylamino(methylsulfanyl)methylidene]malononitrile¹⁵ 6a,b and ethyl [bis(methylsulfanyl)methylidene]cyanoacetate¹⁴ 7

Were prepared according to literature procedures.



SCHEME 3

TABLE I Characterization data for compounds **4a-c**, **5a-c**, **9a-c**, **12a,b**, **13** and **14**

Compd. (colour)	Cryst. Solvent	Mp (T/°C)	Yield (%)	Molecular formula (M.Wt.)	Found /required	
					C	H
4a (Violet)	Dioxane	>300	82	C ₁₄ H ₁₃ N ₉ O ₂ S ₂ (403)	41.50 41.69	3.20 3.23
4b (Yellow)	Dioxane	280	78	C ₁₅ H ₁₅ N ₁₁ O ₂ S ₂ (445)	40.40 40.45	3.30 3.37
4c (Orange)	Dioxane	240	75	C ₁₇ H ₁₄ N ₁₀ O ₂ S ₃ (486)	41.80 41.98	2.80 2.88
5a (Orange)	EtOH	120	87	C ₂₀ H ₁₈ N ₁₀ O ₃ S (478)	50.30 50.21	3.60 3.77
5b (Orange)	EtOH	210	62	C ₂₁ H ₂₀ N ₁₀ O ₃ S (492)	51.30 51.22	4.10 4.07
5c (Orange)	EtOH/H ₂ O	150	65	C ₂₃ H ₁₉ N ₁₁ O ₃ S ₂ (561)	49.10 49.20	3.40 3.39
9a (Brown)	EtOH	220	76	C ₁₄ H ₁₂ N ₈ O ₃ S ₂ (404)	41.50 41.59	3.00 2.97
9b (Brown)	Dioxane	250	64	C ₁₅ H ₁₄ N ₁₀ O ₃ S ₂ (446)	40.50 40.36	3.20 3.14
9c (Brown)	Dioxane	>300	81	C ₁₇ H ₁₃ N ₉ O ₃ S ₂ (487)	41.60 41.89	2.80 2.67

und. (colour)	Cryst. Solvent	Mp (T/°C)	Yield (%)	Molecular formula (M.Wt.)	Found /required	
					C	H
12a Brown)	EtOH	230	60	C ₁₇ H ₁₃ N ₉ O ₂ S ₂ (439)	46.40 46.47	3.00 2.96
12b Brown)	Dioxane	>300	76	C ₁₈ H ₁₅ N ₁₁ O ₂ S ₂ (481)	45.00 44.91	3.10 3.12
13 Orange)	EtOH	100	55	C ₁₇ H ₁₃ N ₉ O ₂ S (407)	50.10 50.13	3.30 3.20
14 Violet)	Dioxane	>300	63	C ₂₂ H ₁₄ N ₈ O ₄ S ₂ (518)	60.00 50.97	2.50 2.70

TABLE II Spectral data for compounds **4a-c**, **5a-c**, **9a-c**, **12a,b**, **13** and **14**

No.	IR ($\nu_{\max}/\text{cm}^{-1}$)	¹ HNMR (δ/ppm)	M
	3450, 3400, 3250 (NH ₂), 2203 (C≡N), 1580 (N=N), 1321, 1152 (SO ₂)	2.96(3H,s,SCH ₃), 3.43(2H,s,br,NH ₂), 7.41 (2H,s,br,NH ₂), 7.81–7.96 (4H,q. AB-system), 8.01(2H,s,br,SO ₂ NH ₂)	
	3410,3325,3249 (NH ₂ ,NH), 2210 (C≡N), 1579 (N=N), 1324, 1125 (SO ₂)		
	3460,3400,3250 (NH ₂ ,NH), 2207 (C≡N), 1570 (N=N), 1337, 1120 (SO ₂)	2.94(3H,s,SCH ₃), 3.35(2H,s,br,NH ₂), 6.85–6.91 (2H,m,thiazole ring), 7.28 (2H,s,br, NH ₂), 7.71–7.91(4H,q,AB- system), 8.20(1H,s,br,NH)	

No.	IR ($\nu_{\max}/\text{cm}^{-1}$)	$^1\text{H NMR}$ (δ/ppm)	M
	3460,3380,3200 (NH_2,NH), 2200 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$), 1600 ($\text{N}=\text{N}$), 1360, 1167 (SO_2)	2.82 (2H, s, br, NH_2), 4.10 (3H, s, OCH_3), 6.95–7.22 (8H, m, Ar-H), 7.26 (2H, s, br, NH_2), 7.81 (2H, s, br, SO_2NH_2), 10.39 (1H, s, br, NH)	
	3350,3300,3220 (NH_2,NH), 2200 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$), 1570 ($\text{N}=\text{N}$), 1330, 1150 (SO_2)	1.15 (3H, t, CH_3), 3.32 (2H, s, br, NH_2), 4.20 (2H, q, CH_2), 6.91–7.40 (8H, m, Ar-H), 7.64 (2H, s, br, NH_2), 7.81 (2H, s, br, SO_2NH_2), 10.70 (1H, s, br, NH)	
	3430,3380,3250 (NH_2,NH), 2205 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$), 1595 ($\text{N}=\text{N}$), 1340, 1150 (SO_2)	3.31(2H,s,br, NH_2), 4.10(3H,s, OCH_3), 6.80–6.91(2H, m, thiazole ring), 6.95 (2H, s, br, NH_2), 6.97–7.26 (8H, m, Ar-H), 7.78 (1H, s, br, SO_2NH).	
	3405,3300,3165 (NH_2,NH), 2215 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$), 1635 ($\text{C}=\text{O}$), 1596 ($\text{N}=\text{N}$), 1327, 1146 (SO_2)	2.72 (3H,s, SCH_3), 4.05 (2H, s, br, NH_2), 7.51 (2H, s, br, SO_2NH_2), 7.79- 8.07 (NH, q, AB-system), 8.91(1H, s, br, NH)	
	3445,3315,3195 (NH_2,NH), 2215 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$), 1638 ($\text{C}=\text{O}$), 1584 ($\text{N}=\text{N}$), 1369, 1125 (SO_2)		
	3435,3325,3150 (NH_2,NH), 2220 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$), 1637 ($\text{C}=\text{O}$), 1576 ($\text{N}=\text{N}$), 1328, 1113 (SO_2)	2.91(3H,s, SCH_3), 3.95(2H,s,br, NH_2), 6.84–6.90 (2H,m,thiazole ring), 7.21 (1H, s, br, SO_2NH), 7.42–7.94(4H, q, AB-system), 8.41(1H,s,br,NH)	
	3436,3400,3205 (NH_2), 2205 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$), 1574 ($\text{N}=\text{N}$), 1324, 1127 (SO_2)	4.51 (2H, s, br, NH_2), 7.21(2H, s, br, NH_2), 7.40–7.74 (7H, m, Ar-H), 7.91 (2H, s, br, SO_2NH)	
	3440,3380,3225 (NH_2,NH), 2206 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$), 1581 ($\text{N}=\text{N}$), 1376, 1124 (SO_2)		
	3367,3250,3100 (NH_2,NH), 1598 ($\text{C}=\text{O}$), 1340, 1120 (SO_2)	7.21(2H,s,br, NH_2), 7.82–7.94 (8H, m, Ar-H), 8.10(2H,s,br, SO_2NH_2), 11.84 (1H, s, br, NH)	
	3420,3300,3176 (NH_2,NH), 1665 ($\text{C}=\text{O}$), 1595 ($\text{N}=\text{N}$), 1326, 1135 (SO_2)	6.81–6.90 (2H, m, thiazole ring), 7.30 (2H, s, br, NH_2), 7.74–7.90 (8H,m,Ar- H), 8.01(1H, s, br, SO_2NH), 11.60 (s,br,1H,NH)	

2,5-Diamino-7-methylsulfanyl-3-[4-(N-substituted)sulfamyl]phenylazo-pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-carbonitriles 4a-c

To a suspension of compounds **1** (0.01 mol) and [bis(methylsulfanyl)methylidene]malononitrile **2** (0.01 mol) in dimethylformamide (20 ml), three drops of triethylamine were added. The mixture was refluxed for 3 h and then allowed to cool. The solid precipitate was isolated by suction and crystallized from the appropriate solvent (*cf.* Tables I and II).

2,5-Diamino-7-arylamino-3-[4-(N-substituted)sulfamyl]phenylazo-pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-carbonitriles 5a-c

Method A

A mixture of **4** (0.01 mol) and the requisite aromatic amine (0.01 mol) was fused at 160°C for 1 h., then triturated with ethanol, poured into water and then acidified with hydrochloric acid. The solid product, so formed was collected by filtration and crystallized from the appropriate solvent (*cf.* Tables I and II).

Method B

The experimental procedure used for the synthesis of **4** was carried out except for the use of [arylamino(methylsulfanyl)methylidene]malononitrile **6a,b** instead of [bis(methylsulfanyl)methylidene]malononitrile **2**.

2-Amino-4,5-dihydro-7-methylsulfanyl-5-oxo-3-[4-(N-substituted)sulfamyl]phenylazo-pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-carbonitriles 9a-c

To a mixture of the compounds **1** (0.01 mol) and ethyl [bis(methylsulfanyl)methylidene]cyanoacetate **7** (0.01 mol) in dioxane (20 ml), three drops of triethylamine were added. The resulting mixture was refluxed for 2 h. and then allowed to cool to room temperature and diluted with water (30 ml). The solid product so formed was collected by filtration and crystallized from the appropriate solvent (*cf.* Tables I and II).

2,5-Diamino-7-thienyl-3-[4-(N-substituted)sulfamyl]phenylazo-pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-carbonitriles 12a-c

A mixture of compound **4** (0.01 mol), nitrile **10** (0.01 mol) and piperidine (0.5 ml) in dimethylformamide (20 ml) was heated under reflux for 3h.

The solid obtained was collected by filtration and crystallized from the appropriate solvent (*cf.* Tables I and II).

2-Amino-3-(4-sulfamyl)phenylazo-4H-pyrazolo[2',3':4,5]imidazo[2,3-b]quinoxaline 13

A mixture of compound **1a** (0.01 mol) and 2,3-dichloroquinoxaline (0.01 mol) in dimethylformamide (20 ml) containing anhydrous potassium carbonate (0.5 g) was heated under reflux for 1 h., then left to cool to room temperature. The precipitated product was filtered off and crystallized from the appropriate solvent (*cf.* Tables I and II).

2-Amino-3-[4-(2-thiazolylsulfamyl)]phenylazo-4,5,10-trihydro-5,10-dioxo-naphtho[2',3':4,5]imidazo[1,2-b]pyrazole 14

A mixture of compound **1c** (0.01 mol) and 2,3-dichloro-1,4-naphthoquinone (0.01 mol) in dioxane (20 ml) was heated under reflux for 5 min., then cooled. The violet crystals precipitated product was filtered off and crystallized from the appropriate solvent (*cf.* Tables I and II).

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